Pipeline Documentation

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Contents

Pipeline is an asset packaging library for Django, providing both CSS and JavaScript concatenation and compression, built-in JavaScript template support, and optional data-URI image and font embedding.

You can report bugs and discuss features on the issues page.

You can discuss features or ask questions on the IRC channel on freenode: #django-pipeline

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1.1 Installation

1. Either check out Pipeline from GitHub or to pull a release off PyPI

```
pip install django-pipeline
```

2. Add 'pipeline' to your INSTALLED_APPS

```
INSTALLED_APPS = (
    'pipeline',
)
```

3. Use a pipeline storage for STATICFILES_STORAGE

```
STATICFILES_STORAGE = 'pipeline.storage.PipelineCachedStorage'
```

Note: You need to use Django>=1.4.2 to be able to use this version of pipeline.

1.1.1 Recommendations

Pipeline's default CSS and JS compressor is Yuglify. Yuglify wraps UglifyJS and cssmin, applying the default YUI configurations to them. It can be downloaded from: https://github.com/yui/yuglify/.

If you do not install yuglify, make sure to disable the compressor in your settings.

1.2 Configuration

Configuration and list of available settings for Pipeline

1.2.1 Specifying files

You specify groups of files to be compressed in your settings. You can use glob syntax to select multiples files.

The basic syntax for specifying CSS/JavaScript groups files is

```
PIPELINE_CSS = {
    'colors': {
        'source_filenames': (
          'css/core.css',
          'css/colors/*.css',
          'css/layers.css'
        'output_filename': 'css/colors.css',
        'extra_context': {
            'media': 'screen, projection',
        },
    },
}
PIPELINE_JS = {
    'stats': {
        'source_filenames': (
          'js/jquery.js',
          'js/d3.js',
          'js/collections/*.js',
          'js/application.js',
        ),
        'output_filename': 'js/stats.js',
    }
}
```

Group options

source_filenames

Required

Is a tuple with the source files to be compressed. The files are concatenated in the order specified in the tuple.

output_filename

Required

Is the filename of the (to be) compressed file.

variant

Optional

Is the variant you want to apply to your CSS. This allow you to embed images and fonts in CSS with data-URI. Allowed values are: None and datauri.

Defaults to None.

template_name

Optional

Name of the template used to render <script> for js package or <link> for css package.

Defaults to None.

extra_context

Optional

Is a dictionary of values to add to the template context, when generating the HTML for the HTML-tags with the templatetags.

For CSS, if you do not specify extra_context/media, the default media in the <link> output will be media="all".

For JS, the default templates support the async and defer tag attributes which are controlled via extra_context:

```
'extra_context': {
    'async': True,
},
```

manifest

Optional

Indicate if you want this group to appear in your cache manifest.

Defaults to True.

Other settings

PIPELINE ENABLED

True if assets should be compressed, False if not.

Defaults to not settings.DEBUG.

PIPELINE_CSS_COMPRESSOR

Compressor class to be applied to CSS files.

If empty or None, CSS files won't be compressed.

Defaults to 'pipeline.compressors.yuglify.YuglifyCompressor'.

PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR

Compressor class to be applied to JavaScript files.

If empty or None, JavaScript files won't be compressed.

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```
Defaults to 'pipeline.compressors.yuglify.YuglifyCompressor'
```

Note: Please note that in order to use Yuglify compressor, you need to install Yuglify (see *Installation* for more details).

PIPELINE TEMPLATE NAMESPACE

Object name where all of your compiled templates will be added, from within your browser. To access them with your own JavaScript namespace, change it to the object of your choice.

```
Defaults to "window.JST"
```

PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_EXT

The extension for which Pipeline will consider the file as a Javascript template. To use a different extension, like .mustache, set this settings to .mustache.

```
Defaults to ".jst"
```

PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_FUNC

JavaScript function that compiles your JavaScript templates. Pipeline doesn't bundle a javascript template library, but the default setting is to use the underscore template function.

```
Defaults to "_.template"
```

1.2.2 Embedding fonts and images

You can embed fonts and images directly in your compiled css, using Data-URI in modern browsers.

To do so, setup variant group options to the method you wish to use:

Images and fonts are embedded following these rules:

- If asset is under 32 kilobytes to avoid rendering delay or not rendering at all in Internet Explorer 8.
- If asset path contains a directory named "embed".

Overriding embedding settings

You can override these rules using the following settings:

PIPELINE EMBED MAX IMAGE SIZE

Setting that controls the maximum image size (in bytes) to embed in CSS using Data-URIs. Internet Explorer 8 has issues with assets under 32 kilobytes.

Defaults to 32700

PIPELINE EMBED PATH

Setting the directory that an asset needs to be in so that it is embedded

Defaults to r' [/]?embed/'

1.2.3 Rewriting CSS urls

If the source CSS contains relative URLs (i.e. relative to current file), those URLs will be converted to full relative path.

1.2.4 Wrapped javascript output

All javascript output is wrapped in an anonymous function:

```
(function() { ... })();
```

This safety wrapper, make it difficult to pollute the global namespace by accident and improve performance.

You can override this behavior by setting PIPELINE_DISABLE_WRAPPER to True.

1.3 Usage

Describes how to use Pipeline when it is installed and configured.

1.3.1 Templatetags

Pipeline includes two template tags: compressed_css and compressed_js, in a template library called compressed.

They are used to output the <link> and <script>-tags for the specified CSS/JavaScript-groups (as specified in the settings). The first argument must be the name of the CSS/JavaScript group.

When settings.DEBUG is set to True the use of these template tags will result in a separate tag for each resource in a given group (i.e., the combined, compressed files will not be used), in order to make local debugging easy. When settings.DEBUG is set to False the opposite is true. You can override the default behavior by setting settings.PIPELINE_ENABLED manually. When set to True or False this enables or disables, respectively, the usage of the combined, compressed file for each resource group. This can be useful, if you encounter errors in your compressed code that don't occur in your uncompressed code and you want to debug them locally.

If you need to change the output of the HTML-tags generated from the templatetags, this can be done by overriding the templates pipeline/css.html and pipeline/js.html.

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Example

If you have specified the CSS-groups "screen" and "print" and a JavaScript-group with the name "scripts", you would use the following code to output them all

```
{% load compressed %}
{% compressed_css 'colors' %}
{% compressed_js 'stats' %}
```

1.3.2 Collect static

Pipeline integrates with staticfiles, you just need to setup STATICFILES_STORAGE to

```
STATICFILES_STORAGE = 'pipeline.storage.PipelineCachedStorage'
```

Then when you run collectstatic command, your CSS and your javascripts will be compressed in the same time

```
$ python manage.py collectstatic
```

Cache-busting

Pipeline 1.2+ no longer provides its own cache-busting URL support (using e.g. the PIPELINE_VERSIONING setting) but uses Django's built-in staticfiles support for this. To set up cache-busting in conjunction with collectstatic as above, use

```
STATICFILES_STORAGE = 'pipeline.storage.PipelineCachedStorage'
```

This will handle cache-busting just as staticfiles's built-in CachedStaticFilesStorage does.

1.3.3 Middleware

To enable HTML compression add pipeline.middleware.MinifyHTMLMiddleware, to your MIDDLEWARE_CLASSES settings.

Ensure that it comes after any middleware which modifies your HTML, like GZipMiddleware

```
MIDDLEWARE_CLASSES = (
   'django.middleware.gzip.GZipMiddleware',
   'pipeline.middleware.MinifyHTMLMiddleware',
)
```

1.3.4 Cache manifest

Pipeline provide a way to add your javascripts and stylesheets files to a cache-manifest via Manifesto.

To do so, you just need to add manifesto app to your INSTALLED_APPS.

1.3.5 Jinja

Pipeline also includes Jinja2 support and is used almost identically to the Django Template tags implementation. You just need to pass pipeline.jinja2.ext.PipelineExtension to your Jinja2 environment.

Templates

Unlike the Django template tag implementation the Jinja2 implementation uses different templates, so if you wish to override them please override pipeline/css.jinja and pipeline/js.jinja.

1.4 Compressors

1.4.1 Yuglify compressor

The Yuglify compressor uses yuglify for compressing javascript and stylesheets.

To use it for your stylesheets add this to your PIPELINE_CSS_COMPRESSOR

```
PIPELINE_CSS_COMPRESSOR = 'pipeline.compressors.yuglify.YuglifyCompressor'
```

To use it for your javascripts add this to your PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR

```
PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR = 'pipeline.compressors.yuglify.YuglifyCompressor'
```

PIPELINE_YUGLIFY_BINARY

Command line to execute for the Yuglify program. You will most likely change this to the location of yuglify on your system.

```
Defaults to '/usr/bin/env yuglify'.
```

PIPELINE_YUGLIFY_CSS_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when compressing CSS.

```
Defaults to '--terminal'.
```

PIPELINE_YUGLIFY_JS_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when compressing JavaScript.

```
Defaults to '--terminal'.
```

1.4.2 YUI Compressor compressor

The YUI compressor uses yui-compressor for compressing javascript and stylesheets.

```
To use it for your stylesheets add this to your PIPELINE_CSS_COMPRESSOR
```

```
PIPELINE_CSS_COMPRESSOR = 'pipeline.compressors.yui.YUICompressor'
```

To use it for your javascripts add this to your PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR

```
PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR = 'pipeline.compressors.yui.YUICompressor'
```

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PIPELINE_YUI_BINARY

Command line to execute for the YUI program. You will most likely change this to the location of yui-compressor on your system.

Defaults to '/usr/bin/env yuicompressor'.

Warning: Don't point to yuicompressor. jar directly, we expect to find a executable script.

PIPELINE_YUI_CSS_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when compressing CSS.

Defaults to ".

PIPELINE_YUI_JS_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when compressing JavaScript.

Defaults to ".

1.4.3 Closure Compiler compressor

The Closure compressor uses Google Closure Compiler to compress javascripts.

To use it add this to your PIPELINE JS COMPRESSOR

```
PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR = (
   'pipeline.compressors.closure.ClosureCompressor',
)
```

PIPELINE_CLOSURE_BINARY

Command line to execute for the Closure Compiler program. You will most likely change this to the location of closure on your system.

Default to '/usr/bin/env closure'

Warning: Don't point to compiler. jar directly, we expect to find a executable script.

PIPELINE_CLOSURE_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when closure is called.

Default to "

1.4.4 UglifyJS compressor

The UglifyJS compressor uses UglifyJS to compress javascripts.

To use it add this to your PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR

```
PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR = 'pipeline.compressors.uglifyjs.UglifyJSCompressor'
```

PIPELINE_UGLIFYJS_BINARY

Command line to execute for the UglifyJS program. You will most likely change this to the location of uglifyjs on your system.

```
Defaults to '/usr/bin/env uglifyjs'.
```

PIPELINE_UGLIFYJS_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when uglifyjs is called.

Default to "

1.4.5 JSMin compressor

The jsmin compressor uses Douglas Crockford jsmin tool to compress javascripts.

```
To use it add this to your PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR
```

```
PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR = 'pipeline.compressors.jsmin.JSMinCompressor'
```

Install the jsmin library with your favorite Python package manager

```
pip install jsmin
```

1.4.6 SlimIt compressor

The slimit compressor uses SlimIt to compress javascripts.

```
To use it add this to your PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR
```

```
PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR = 'pipeline.compressors.slimit.SlimItCompressor'
```

Install the slimit library with your favorite Python package manager

```
pip install slimit
```

1.4.7 CSSTidy compressor

The CSStidy compressor uses CSStidy to compress stylesheets.

To us it for your stylesheets add this to your PIPELINE_CSS_COMPRESSOR

```
PIPELINE_CSS_COMPRESSOR = 'pipeline.compressors.csstidy.CSSTidyCompressor'
```

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PIPELINE CSSTIDY BINARY

Command line to execute for csstidy program. You will most likely change this to the location of csstidy on your system.

Defaults to '/usr/bin/env csstidy'

PIPELINE_CSSTIDY_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when csstidy is called.

Default to ' -- template=highest'

1.4.8 CSSMin compressor

The cssmin compressor uses the cssmin command to compress stylesheets. To use it, add this to your PIPELINE CSS COMPRESSOR

```
PIPELINE_CSS_COMPRESSOR = 'pipeline.compressors.cssmin.CSSMinCompressor'
```

PIPELINE_CSSMIN_BINARY

Command line to execute for cssmin program. You will most likely change this to the location of cssmin on your system.

Defaults to '/usr/bin/env cssmin'

PIPELINE_CSSMIN_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when cssmin is called.

Default to "

1.4.9 Write your own compressor class

You can write your own compressor class, for example if you want to implement other types of compressors.

To do so, you just have to create a class that inherits from pipeline.compressors.CompressorBase and implements compress_css and/or a compress_js when needed.

Finally, add it to PIPELINE_CSS_COMPRESSOR or PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR settings (see *Configuration* for more information).

Example

A custom compressor for an imaginary compressor called jam

```
from pipeline.compressors import CompressorBase

class JamCompressor(CompressorBase):
   def compress_js(self, js):
     return jam.compress(js)
```

```
def compress_css(self, css):
    return jam.compress(css)

Add it to your settings

PIPELINE_CSS_COMPRESSOR = 'jam.compressors.JamCompressor'
PIPELINE_JS_COMPRESSOR = 'jam.compressors.JamCompressor'
```

1.5 Compilers

1.5.1 Coffee Script compiler

The Coffee Script compiler uses Coffee Script to compile your javascripts.

To use it add this to your PIPELINE_COMPILERS

```
PIPELINE_COMPILERS = (
   'pipeline.compilers.coffee.CoffeeScriptCompiler',
)
```

PIPELINE_COFFEE_SCRIPT_BINARY

Command line to execute for coffee program. You will most likely change this to the location of coffee on your system.

Defaults to '/usr/bin/env coffee'.

PIPELINE COFFEE SCRIPT ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when coffee is called.

Defaults to ".

1.5.2 Live Script compiler

The LiveScript compiler uses LiveScript to compile your javascripts.

To use it add this to your PIPELINE_COMPILERS

```
PIPELINE_COMPILERS = (
   'pipeline.compilers.livescript.LiveScriptCompiler',
)
```

PIPELINE_LIVE_SCRIPT_BINARY

Command line to execute for LiveScript program. You will most likely change this to the location of lsc on your system.

Defaults to '/usr/bin/env lsc'.

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PIPELINE_LIVE_SCRIPT_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when lsc is called.

Defaults to ".

1.5.3 LESS compiler

The LESS compiler uses LESS to compile your stylesheets.

To use it add this to your PIPELINE_COMPILERS

```
PIPELINE_COMPILERS = (
   'pipeline.compilers.less.LessCompiler',
)
```

PIPELINE_LESS_BINARY

Command line to execute for lessc program. You will most likely change this to the location of lessc on your system.

Defaults to '/usr/bin/env lessc'.

PIPELINE LESS ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when lessc is called.

Defaults to ".

1.5.4 SASS compiler

The SASS compiler uses SASS to compile your stylesheets.

To use it add this to your PIPELINE_COMPILERS

```
PIPELINE_COMPILERS = (
   'pipeline.compilers.sass.SASSCompiler',
)
```

PIPELINE_SASS_BINARY

Command line to execute for sass program. You will most likely change this to the location of sass on your system.

Defaults to '/usr/bin/env sass'.

PIPELINE_SASS_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when sass is called.

Defaults to '--update'.

1.5.5 Stylus compiler

The Stylus compiler uses Stylus to compile your stylesheets.

```
To use it add this to your PIPELINE_COMPILERS

PIPELINE_COMPILERS = (
    'pipeline.compilers.stylus.StylusCompiler',
)
```

PIPELINE_STYLUS_BINARY

Command line to execute for stylus program. You will most likely change this to the location of stylus on your system.

```
Defaults to '/usr/bin/env stylus'.
```

PIPELINE_STYLUS_ARGUMENTS

Additional arguments to use when stylus is called.

Defaults to ".

1.5.6 Write your own compiler class

You can write your own compiler class, for example if you want to implement other types of compilers.

To do so, you just have to create a class that inherits from pipeline.compilers.CompilerBase and implements match_file and compile_file when needed.

Finally, specify it in the tuple of compilers PIPELINE_COMPILERS in the settings.

Example

A custom compiler for an imaginary compiler called jam

```
from pipeline.compilers import CompilerBase

class JamCompiler(CompilerBase):
   output_extension = 'js'

def match_file(self, filename):
    return filename.endswith('.jam')

def compile_file(self, infile, outfile, outdated=False, force=False):
   if not outdated and not force:
    return # No need to recompiled file
   return jam.compile(infile, outfile)
```

1.5.7 3rd Party Compilers

Here is an (in)complete list of 3rd party compilers that integrate with django-pipeline

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Compass (requires RubyGem)

Creator Mila Labs

Description Compass compiler for django-pipeline using the original Ruby gem.

Link https://github.com/mila-labs/django-pipeline-compass-rubygem

Compass (standalone)

Creator Vitaly Babiyb

Description django-pipeline-compass is a compiler for django-pipeline. Making it really easy to use scss and compass with out requiring the compass gem.

Link https://github.com/vbabiy/django-pipeline-compass

1.6 Javascript Templates

Pipeline allows you to use javascript templates along with your javascript views. To use your javascript templates, just add them to your PIPELINE_JS group

```
PIPELINE_JS = {
    'application': {
        'source_filenames': (
          'js/application.js',
          'js/templates/**/*.jst',
      ),
        'output_filename': 'js/application.js'
    }
}
```

For example, if you have the following template js/templates/photo/detail.jst

```
<div class="photo">
  <img src="<%= src %>" />
  <div class="caption">
      <%= caption %>
      </div>
</div>
```

It will be available from your javascript code via window.JST

```
JST.photo_detail({ src:"images/baby-panda.jpg", caption:"A baby panda is born" });
```

1.6.1 Configuration

Template function

By default, Pipeline uses a variant of Micro Templating to compile the templates, but you can choose your preferred JavaScript templating engine by changing PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_FUNC

```
PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_FUNC = 'template'
```

Template namespace

Your templates are made available in a top-level object, by default window.JST, but you can choose your own via PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_NAMESPACE

```
PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_NAMESPACE = 'window.Template'
```

Template extension

Templates are detected by their extension, by default .jst, but you can use your own extension via $\texttt{PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_EXT}$

```
PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_EXT = '.mustache'
```

1.6.2 Using it with your favorite template library

Mustache

To use it with Mustache you will need some extra javascript

```
Mustache.template = function(templateString) {
  return function() {
    if (arguments.length < 1) {
      return templateString;
    } else {
      return Mustache.to_html(templateString, arguments[0], arguments[1]);
    }
};</pre>
```

And use these settings

```
PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_EXT = '.mustache'
PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_FUNC = 'Mustache.template'
```

Handlebars

To use it with Handlebars, use the following settings

```
PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_EXT = '.handlebars'
PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_FUNC = 'Handlebars.compile'
PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_NAMESPACE = 'Handlebars.templates'
```

Prototype

To use it with Prototype, just setup your PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_FUNC

```
PIPELINE_TEMPLATE_FUNC = 'new Template'
```

1.7 Storages

1.7.1 Using with staticfiles

Pipeline is providing a storage for staticfiles app, to use it configure STATICFILES_STORAGE like so

```
STATICFILES_STORAGE = 'pipeline.storage.PipelineStorage'
```

And if you want versioning use

```
STATICFILES_STORAGE = 'pipeline.storage.PipelineCachedStorage'
```

There is also non-packing storage available, that allows you to run collectstatic command without packaging your assets. Useful for production when you don't want to run compressor or compilers

```
STATICFILES_STORAGE = 'pipeline.storage.NonPackagingPipelineStorage'
```

Also available if you want versioning

```
STATICFILES_STORAGE = 'pipeline.storage.NonPackagingPipelineCachedStorage'
```

If you use staticfiles with DEBUG = False (i.e. for integration tests with Selenium) you should install the finder that allows staticfiles to locate your outputted assets:

```
STATICFILES_FINDERS = (
    'django.contrib.staticfiles.finders.FileSystemFinder',
    'django.contrib.staticfiles.finders.AppDirectoriesFinder',
    'pipeline.finders.PipelineFinder',
)
```

If you use PipelineCachedStorage you may also like the CachedFileFinder, which allows you to use integration tests with cached file URLs.

If you want to exclude Pipelinable content from your collected static files, you can also use Pipeline's FileSystemFinder and AppDirectoriesFinder. These finders will also exclude *unwanted* content like READMEs, tests and examples, which are particularly useful if you're collecting content from a tool like Bower.

```
STATICFILES_FINDERS = (
    'pipeline.finders.FileSystemFinder',
    'pipeline.finders.AppDirectoriesFinder',
    'pipeline.finders.PipelineFinder',
    'pipeline.finders.CachedFileFinder',
)
```

1.7.2 Using with other storages

You can also use your own custom storage, for example, if you want to use S3 for your assets:

```
STATICFILES_STORAGE = 'your.app.S3PipelineStorage'
```

Your storage only need to inherit from PipelineMixin and/or CachedFilesMixin:

```
from staticfiles.storage import CachedFilesMixin
from pipeline.storage import PipelineMixin
from storages.backends.s3boto import S3BotoStorage
```

```
class S3PipelineStorage(PipelineMixin, CachedFilesMixin, S3BotoStorage):
    pass
```

1.7.3 Using Pipeline with Bower

Bower is a *package manager for the web* that allows you to easily include frontend components with named versions. Integrating Bower with Pipeline is straightforward.

Add your Bower directory to your STATICFILES_DIRS:

```
STATICFILES_DIRS = (
  os.path.join(os.path.dirname(__file__), '...', 'bower_components'),
)
```

Then process the relevant content through Pipeline:

```
PIPELINE_JS = {
    'components': {
        'source_filenames: (
          'jquery/jquery.js',
          # you can choose to be specific to reduce your payload
          'jquery-ui/ui/*.js',
      ),
          'output_filename': 'js/components.js',
      },
}
```

pipeline.finders.FileSystemFinder will help you by excluding much of the extra content that Bower includes with its components, such as READMEs, tests and examples, while still including images, fonts, CSS fragments etc.

1.8 Signals

List of all signals sent by pipeline.

1.8.1 css compressed

pipeline.signals.css_compressed

Whenever a css package is compressed, this signal is sent after the compression.

Arguments sent with this signal:

sender The Packager class that compressed the group.

package The package actually compressed.

1.8.2 js compressed

pipeline.signals.js_compressed

Whenever a js package is compressed, this signal is sent after the compression.

Arguments sent with this signal:

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sender The Packager class that compressed the group.

package The package actually compressed.

1.9 Sites using Pipeline

The following sites are a partial list of people using Pipeline.

Are you using pipeline and not being in this list? Drop us a line.

1.9.1 20 Minutes

For their internal tools: http://www.20minutes.fr

1.9.2 The Molly Project

Molly is a framework for the rapid development of information and service portals targeted at mobile internet devices: http://mollyproject.org

It powers the University of Oxford's mobile portal: http://m.ox.ac.uk/

1.9.3 Croisé dans le Métro

For their main and mobile website:

- http://www.croisedanslemetro.com
- http://m.croisedanslemetro.com

1.9.4 Ulule

For their main and forum website:

- http://www.ulule.com
- http://vox.ulule.com

1.9.5 Borsala

Borsala is the social investment plaform. You can follow stock markets that are traded in Turkey:

http://borsala.com

Indices and tables

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